

MARKETS

NEW YORK CITY
Electrolytic, 18.12@18.24
Silver, 49 5-8.
Copper, steady.

The Bisbee Daily Review

WEATHER

San Francisco
San Jose
San Diego
Los Angeles
Phoenix
Tucson
Albuquerque
Santa Fe
El Paso
Dallas
Houston
New Orleans
Mobile
Savannah
Charleston
Wilmington
Richmond
Washington
Baltimore
New York
Boston
Philadelphia
Pittsburgh
Cleveland
Chicago
St. Louis
Kansas City
Denver
Salt Lake City
Portland
Seattle
Tacoma
Vancouver
San Francisco
San Jose
San Diego
Los Angeles
Phoenix
Tucson
Albuquerque
Santa Fe
El Paso
Dallas
Houston
New Orleans
Mobile
Savannah
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New York
Boston
Philadelphia
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PRICE FIVE CENTS

CANNOT MOVE WOUNDED TO JUAREZ IS DECISION

State Department Refuses Villa's Request to Be Allowed to Ship His Wounded From Naco, Sonora, to Juarez, Chihuahua.

CAN'T GRANT PRIVILEGE TO OPPOSITION LEADER

Carranza Appoints Commission to Deal With Currency Problem in Mexico; Unification of Currency Will Be Object.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The State Department has denied Villa's request for permission to move his wounded across the United States. It holds that it cannot grant the privilege to forces opposed to the de facto government, recognized by the United States. The Department is investigating the reported death of two American surgeons and their chauffeurs on the Anna Prieta battle field. They received advice that they were alive yesterday and en route to the border.

The Mexican agency issued a statement regarding the plans for currency reform in Mexico. A commission was appointed to investigate the banking institutions. It is seeking the opinions of bankers concerning the best methods of unifying the currency, and retiring the outstanding issues.

The statement says: "The Constitutionalist government has issued a decree forbidding the governors of Mexican states granting privileges of any nature to individuals, firms or corporations, and revoking previous privileges. It forbids also the collection of local taxes in gold, the administrative obstruction of importation and exportation between the states."

ORZCO CONFESSES

SAN ANTONIO, Nov. 5.—Jose Orzco, former chief lieutenant and his cousin, General Pascual Orzco, who is a prisoner at El Paso, made a complete confession of an alleged plot to restore Huerta to power in Mexico, according to United States District Attorney Camp. It is understood that twelve implicated in the plot. He said Orzco detailed a story of alleged plans for the uprising with ramifications in six states and agents working in New Orleans, New York, Galveston and San Antonio.

JAILED IN MATAMORAS

BROWNSVILLE, Nov. 5.—Martino Rodriguez, a Mexican, was jailed in Matamoros by Carranza authorities on suspicion of his connection with bandit activities in Texas. Rodriguez denied that he attempted to obtain recruits in the United States for a revolutionary army.

OBREGON GREETED

EL PASO, Nov. 5.—A delegation of Carranza adherents greeted Obregon on his arrival here enroute to Acua Prieta.

ADMIRAL LITTLE TESTIFIES.

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—Rear Admiral Little, retired, charged with neglect and carelessness in connection with his work as inspection officer during the construction of the submarine K-2, testified in his own defense at the court martial. He said he had protected the government against loss by battery defects by obtaining the promise of an agent of the Electric Boat Company that such imperfections would be corrected. He said the promise was written and was not an agreement and that is involved nothing to prevent the Navy Department from taking action. He said the papers mislaid in the yards of the Fore River Shipbuilding Company where the submarine was constructed.

"WHOLLY INSUFFICIENT"

PORTLAND, Me., Nov. 5.—Henry Wisniewski, of New York, a member of the naval advisory board, in a statement as chairman of the conference commission on national preparedness, advanced the selection of the President's military and naval proposals "as wholly insufficient." Wood came to Portland to address a meeting and discuss plans for the establishment of an aerial coast patrol station at Casco Bay.

RUSSIAN GENERAL IS COURT-MARTIALED

PETROGRAD, Nov. 5.—Absence from the fortress of Kovno, during the fighting there, and inadequate preparations for defense are charged against General Gregoreff who was commandant of that fortress when it fell, in a court martial proceedings at Dvinsk, which resulted in his receiving a sentence of fifteen years at hard labor and loss all his rights.

EMPEROR LEAVES TOKIO FOR HIS CORONATION

Yoshihito, 122nd Head of Japanese Imperial House, Leaves for Kyoto Where His Coronation Ceremonies Will Take Place

TOKIO, Nov. 5.—Yoshihito, Emperor of Japan and 122nd head of the Japanese Imperial house after the first emperor Jimmu, whose reign began 2675 years ago, left Tokio today for Kyoto to make his state entry into the capital of his forefathers and there formally accede to the throne of the Empire of the Rising Sun. The monarch was to have been accompanied by Empress Sadako, but the nearness of the period when Her Majesty is expected to give birth to another heir prevented her from participating in the ceremonies.

The imperial carriage was preceded to the railroad station by the "kashikodokoro" or Divine Mirror, which represents the spirit of the great imperial ancestor of Sun Goddess, Amaterasu Omikami, and was accompanied by the two other sacred treasures which symbolize the sanctity and power of the throne of Nippon: the sacred sword and the sacred jewel, sometimes known as the necklace of pearl-like gems with the magnificent curve, which have been handed down from Emperor to Emperor through untold generations.

The whole city of Tokio is in joyous festivity unexampled in Japanese history since the triumphant entry of Emperor Mutsuhito nearly fifty years ago. Hundreds of thousands of people are here from the provinces, most of them to remain until the great celebration in Tokio at the end of the month, when the Emperor returns from Kyoto. Special flags and paper lanterns are suspended over every door to mark the inauguration of the happy coronation period. Streets, parks and public buildings are decorated with festal flag and banner. The nobles wear earlands. From the humble to the rich man the dominating note is joy and gladness.

Prior to the departure of the imperial cortege a solemn religious ceremony was performed at the Imperial sanctuary in the palace.

At the appointed time in the early morning the hall wherein is enshrined the imperial sanctuary was decorated by court ritualists in a manner appropriate to the occasion. This being finished, His Imperial Highness Prince Higashi Fushimi, chief commissioner, and other members of the coronation board, all in ceremonious Japanese dress, took their seats.

The doors of the sanctuary were opened amid Shinto music, and after offerings were made before the altar Prince Iwakura, the chief ritualist, read a religious address or prayer announcing to the spirit-soul of the imperial grand ancestor, Amaterasu Omikami, the commencement of the auspicious coronation ceremonial and the transfer of the imperial sanctuary and the court to Kyoto for the celebration of the same. Then a chamberlain and a maid-of-honor, both in ancient court robe and respectively representing the Emperor and Empress, proceeded before the presence of the holy of holies and made obeisance on behalf of their majesties.

The ceremony having closed with solemn chords of music, the holy of holies, which is the sacred mirror, was slowly borne outside the palace to be taken to Kyoto, together with the sacred sword and gem. The sacred treasures, which are the emblem of the throne, being held in the deepest veneration and respect, their departure from the capital was celebrated in a most august and dignified manner.

The "kashikodokoro" was transferred in this way. An ancient palanquin which is called the Feathered Wheels of Heaven, was brought to the southern porch of the Imperial Sanctuary, and the sacred mirror was placed therein. Then the palanquin was slowly borne to the station on the shoulders of villagers from a suburb.

(Continued on Page 5)

Fire Destroys Arizona Copper Co's Concentrator

CLIFTON, Nov. 5.—Fire destroyed the conveyor system and concentrator groups two and three of the Arizona Copper Company. It spread to the ore bins where it was checked by dynamite. The loss is possibly a million.

The flames gained headway before the alarm was sounded. They spread rapidly. Abandoning the concentrators, the firemen directed their efforts toward saving the conveyor system, recently constructed preparatory to starting the concentrators prior to the beginning of the strike. As the flames attacked the ore bins dynamite was used.

BRITISH WOUNDED RETURNING FROM FIRING LINE AFTER DRIVE



British wounded coming back from firing line after great drive at Loos.

This is one of the first pictures to reach this country in connection with the desperate British drive at Loos. The losses were extremely large on both sides and hundreds of wounded Tommies trudged back to the field hospitals from the firing line after temporary dressing of their wounds.

ALL SAFE FROM STEAMER FORT BRAGG

Passengers and Crew of Steamer Fort Bragg, Wrecked Off Lower California Coast Believed Safe on the Near-by Beach.

SAN DIEGO, Nov. 5.—Passengers and crew of the Fort Bragg, which was wrecked near San Jose del Cabo, Lower California, are described about offshore on the beach by the steamer San Diego, which arrived off Point Gorda at seven tonight. All are believed saved.

The San Diego will take the passengers and crew aboard in the morning if the weather moderates sufficiently to enable the landing of boats. There is a heavy sea tonight.

SAFE LANDING THOUGHT

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The safe landing of the passengers and crew of the Fort Bragg is reported to the Navy Department tonight by Admiral Winslow. A wireless from the admiral said the flagship San Diego was stemming full speed to the rescue and would arrive at eight tonight.

BOAT CAPSIZED

SAN DIEGO, Nov. 5.—Wireless advices from the cruiser San Diego, received at four this afternoon, state the wrecked steamer Fort Bragg, at Point Palma, twenty miles northeast of Cape San Lucas, had shot a line ashore and twenty-four passengers were being landed. Save one, all of the life boats capsized in the heavy sea which was breaking up the steamer rapidly.

PRaises JAPAN.

BAITIMORE, Nov. 5.—Dr. Rudolph Teusler, medical missionary to Tokio, addressing the layman's missionary convention, criticized the attitude of United States toward Japan. He said the feeling of unfriendliness and distrust in the United States against Japan was the result of prejudice and misinformation. Teusler praised the attitude of Japan toward Chinese. He said Japan's policy of the Monroe Doctrine in the Far East would do much for the preservation of the integrity of that nation. Teusler is a cousin of Mrs. Norman Galt, the President's fiancée. He has been in Japan 16 years.

RUMOR NOT CREDITED.

ROME, Nov. 5.—Reports that Italy will join the Balkan conflict by landing an expedition in Albania are unconfirmed. The officials are negative and the attitude leads to the belief that the Albanian expedition is unimpaired.

DRAWN BY COW—KILLED

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 5.—Frank Mistry, aged five, died of a broken back after being dragged for a quarter of a mile around his father's dairy farm at Inglewood, a suburb, by a frightened cow. The father told the boy to hold a chain attached to a ring in the cow's nose. The boy wrapped the chain about his body.

Schmidt Jury Now Needs But One Member

Case Adjourned Until Monday With Jury Completed; Court Takes Under Advisement Motion to Disqualify Prosecutor.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 5.—Two more permanent jurors were selected, making eleven in all, at the trial of Matthew Schmidt, charged with murder in connection with the destruction of the Times Building, five years ago. The defense has one peremptory left and the prosecution two. A recess was taken until Monday when the work of obtaining the last regular jurymen will be taken up.

Judge Frank Willis took under advisement the motion by the defense asking the court to disqualify James Noel, special prosecutor, on the ground that he is not a citizen of California and not admitted to practice in this state.

GRANTED STAY OF EXECUTION.

DENVER, Nov. 5.—Twelve hours before the time for his execution, the Colorado supreme court granted a stay until January 2, in the case of James Bulger, sentenced to hang for the murder of L. F. Neideman in Denver.

The district court, in which Bulger was convicted, was ordered to reconsider the case in reference to the present sanity of Bulger. The supreme court's action is said to have been unprecedented in the history of Colorado. It is one of a few cases where similar action was taken in the history of American criminal law.

UPHOLDS SALARY INJUNCTION

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—The Illinois supreme court upheld an injunction stopping the payment of salaries to 105 employees totalling more than \$255,000. The court also held that appropriations for committees to sit after adjournment of the legislature were illegal.

The decision resulted from a tax payers' suit attacking the omnibus salary bill passed by the last legislature. It declared salary items in the wrong bill should have been carried to the state officers in the salary bill.

"LITTLE DINNER" TO SOLONS IS LAID BARE

Sensational Testimony Concerning Former New Haven Railroad President's Methods Features Trial of Directors.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—The "little dinner" given by John Hall, former president of the New Haven, to the railroad committee of the lower house of the Connecticut legislature, figured in testimony at the government trial of eleven former directors of the New Haven, charged with violation of the Sherman Law. According to a letter Hall wrote, the dinner was the culmination of political activities in behalf of the New Haven, which resulted in the failure of the Connecticut Trolley Company to obtain a charter to build a line paralleling the New Haven. This and other letters written by Hall to support their objection to the admission of testimony "tending to show that the so-called co-conspirators contemplated or actually employed methods of furtherance of a supposed conspiracy other than those mentioned in the paragraph which undertakes to describe such means and methods." The defense maintains that political activities were not mentioned in the indictment.

WILL NOT ANSWER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The President, for the present, will not answer Bryan's declaration that the defense plan was a "reversal of national policy and a menace to our peace."

GRAND JURY INVESTIGATION

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 5.—The grand jury convenes Monday to investigate the alleged irregularities of the September primary election, which resulted in the vote of an entire ward in Braddock being thrown out, also the distribution of fake specimen ballots Tuesday in an effort to defeat the woman's suffrage amendment in Allegheny County.

TRAINMEN SETTLE STRIKE

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 5.—The Wabash Railroad has adjusted the differences with the firemen and engineers relative to the award made by the Federal Arbitration Commission a year ago, which averted a general strike. The contracts will be signed tomorrow giving the trainmen a salary increase aggregating \$100,000 yearly.

TALKS ON WIRELESS PHONE

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Secretary Daniels transmitted the first naval order ever sent by wireless telephone to Rear Admiral Usher at the New York Navy Yard. From his desk in the Navy Department, the Secretary talked to the commandant of the New York yard via the big government radio tower at Arlington. Navy officials say the accomplishment brings close the day when the Secretary of the Navy may sit at his desk in Washington and talk to the fleet commanders all over the world.

HALF MILLION IN MUNITION PLOT

Investigators Seek to Trace the Source of Funds Expended in Effort to Prevent Munitions Reaching Allies.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—A sergeant of Marines, who was said to have been on duty when the internal machine was attached to the rudder of the battleship Texas some time ago, scrutinized Robert Fay and Schulz, his brother-in-law, held in connection with alleged German bomb plots. The presence of the sergeant at the court house revived the Texas story, which previously was officially denied. He carried the internal machine alleged to have been attached to the Texas. Officials investigating the cases of Fay and his alleged accomplices, stated that half a million dollars had been expended in an effort to prevent munitions reaching the Allies. Federal authorities consider that Fay's story of his activities in connection with the plots are unreliable. It is believed Fay is a Hungarian named Peki, a serial source of funds spent by men in connection with the plots.

AERIAL COAST PATROL.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The President tonight approved a movement in Portland, Maine, for inauguration of a system of aerial coast patrols. Private individuals who inaugurated the movement propose to place their services at the disposal of the federal government in time of war.

The President was informed by the Portland Chamber of Commerce that it had appointed a committee representing Portland, Bangor, Waterville, Brunswick, Bath and Lewiston to raise \$10,000 to purchase hydroplanes for equipment of the aerial coast patrol to cover the coast from Portsmouth to the Penobscot River. It is suggested that such patrol is essential for national defense and that the action of Maine might encourage other states through which the entire coast line might be protected.

LIVES LOST WITH SHIP.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—In an official announcement of the War Office tonight, of the sinking of the British transport Ramazan by a hostile submarine in the Aegean Sea, the latter part of September, previously reported, shows that more than three hundred men were lost when the transport went down.

The statements says the Ramazan was sunk by shell fire from a submarine at six in the morning of September 19 off the island of Antillyria. There were 300 Indian troops aboard of whom seventy five were saved. Twenty eight of the crew were also saved. A number of boats were smashed by shell fire.

FORMER FIREMAN CONVICTED.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 5.—Mordie Kenney, former lieutenant of the Portland fire department, was convicted of arson tonight. He was charged with setting fire to a cottage after conspiring with others by buying and insuring for the purpose of burning and collecting \$800 in insurance. Kenney's case was the first of a number of prosecutions of alleged members of an "arson ring."

BOOZE QUESTION UP.

DENVER, Nov. 5.—A case to determine whether the state has the right to enact and enforce statewide prohibition legislation was placed before the state supreme court with the filing of a reply brief by the attorney general. The decision is probable in December and is expected to form the basis of the enforcement of prohibition in Colorado which is effective January 1.

COMPLICATED SITUATION IN GREECE IS HAD

The Attitude of King Constantine Is Causing the Entente Allies Much Concern; Premier Refuses to Recognize Cabinet.

SERBIAN ARMY IS YIELDING SLOWLY

Allies Hope to Be Able to Mass From 300,000 to 500,000 in Serbia Within Month to Repel Bulgar-Teutonic Invasion

LONDON, Nov. 5.—The Greek situation is complicated. The attitude of King Constantine is causing the entente allies much concern. Zaimis was urged to retain the premiership. He declined. The King called a council of ministers. The deliberations may determine whether Greece will fight Bulgaria or continue her "benevolent neutrality."

The Serbian northern army is slowly yielding before the Teutonic hordes, and Bulgarians. The fate of Nish hangs in the balance. The Bulgars are meeting with reverses on the southern end of the front.

It is reported the British are co-operating with the French at the southern end of the Serbian front. It is uncertain whether the British are yet in touch with the enemy. If the Bulgar-German tide is turned it is believed the accomplishment will require weeks involving a period of uncertainty such as preceded before Paris, on the 17th. Given a month, it is argued, the entente allies will be able to mass from 300,000 to 500,000 men in Serbia, not including the Russians. This will enable them to dispute the advance of the Central Powers and contest Bulgaria's occupation of Serbian Macedonia.

The Germans are on the defensive east and west. There are no large battles. The Turks continue sporadically active on the Dardanelles. They launched attacks on the British right in the Anzac region. They have not denied the British line.

NEAR-ITALIAN CRISIS.

ROME, Nov. 5.—Differences of opinion concerning the war have developed in the cabinet. It has not reached the extent of a crisis. At a recent meeting one of the ministers expressed the view that Italy's interest would best served by assisting a movement to restore peace. It produced angry protests. The charge was made against the good faith of the minister suggesting peace. Hooks were hurled at him and epithets exchanged.

The incident is declared largely personal. With the exception of this cabinet and the country are united for continuing the present policy. While the crisis, similar to those in France, England and Russia is avoided, opinion is divided concerning the conduct of the war, especially regarding the Balkan expedition.

Lieutenant General Cadorna has triumphed in this respect. He said he would rather resign as chief of the general staff rather than allow troops to participate in the Balkans. The Minister of War and the cabinet approved of his view.

The Navy Department also passed through a crisis. Admiral Corci replaced Vice Admiral Viale, Minister of Marine. Following this Vice Admiral De Revel, head of the Naval General Staff, was removed. Corci assumed direction of the fleet which is expected to lead an aggressive naval campaign.

SUCCESS ON THIRD EFFORT

BERKELEY, Nov. 5.—Former Judge Brittan, pioneer member of the California bar, who attempted to leap from a ferry yesterday and later shot himself, suicided tonight. He leaped from the third story window of the hospital where he was taken after shooting himself.

Brittan was reported mentally unbalanced. He was believed to be dying from the bullet wound. He was in charge of a special nurse. When her back was turned Brittan arose and jumped before she could reach him. Brittan was sixty years of age. For a number of years he was superior court judge.